

PORT HURON CHARTER TOWNSHIP - CALENDAR YEAR 2023
Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

"RIGHT TO KNOW" RULE PASSED

In 1998, a new Federal rule was passed to ensure that consumers of community water supplies receive annual documentation of drinking water quality. The Township of Port Huron, together with the City of Port Huron, provides your drinking water and is pleased to present you with this annual water quality report. Our goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable drinking water supply. This report will illustrate that we are achieving this goal.

DRINKING WATER QUALITY RESULTS

The Township of Port Huron and the City of Port Huron routinely monitor your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The table on the backside of this report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2023, unless otherwise noted. **The test results show that your drinking water meets all Federal and State requirements.**

WHERE DOES YOUR WATER COME FROM?

The Township of Port Huron purchases your water from the City of Port Huron. Since 1873, the City of Port Huron's water has originated from the St. Clair River. This means that the water you drink comes from a surface water supply, not a well. Today, raw water is collected by two 36-inch-diameter intakes. After treatment the water is pumped into the distribution system which has nearly 170 miles of water main with approximately 1,400 fire hydrants. The City of Port Huron also provides water to the townships of Fort Gratiot, Kimball and Clyde, serving approximately 60,000 customers.

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

The state performed an assessment of our source water in 2004 to determine the susceptibility of the potential for contamination. The susceptibility rating is on a six-tiered scale from "very low" to "high" based primarily on geologic sensitivity, water chemistry and contaminant sources. The susceptibility of our source is "highly susceptible" given the land uses and potential contaminant sources within the source water area. A copy of the full report is available by calling the Port Huron Water Treatment Plant at 810-984-9780.

HEALTH AND SAFETY INFORMATION

Drinking water, including bottled water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of these contaminants does not necessarily pose a health risk. More information can be obtained by calling EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline, 800.426.4791. The sources of both tap and bottled drinking water include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials, and can also pick up substances resulting from animal or human activity

CONTAMINANTS THAT MAY BE PRESENT IN SOURCE WATER INCLUDE:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring, or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.

Pesticides and Herbicides which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses.

Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

All of these contaminants were below the level of concern in Port Huron's water. To ensure that tap water is safe, the EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) establishes limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CONTAMINANTS AND POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS CAN BE OBTAINED BY CALLING THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S (EPA'S) SAFE DRINKING WATER HOTLINE AT 800.426.4791

INFORMATION FOR VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. Federal guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are also available from EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline, 800.426.4791.

INFORMATION ABOUT LEAD

Information about lead: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Port Huron Township is

responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you have a lead service line it is recommended that you run your water for at least 5 minutes to flush water from both your home plumbing and the lead service line. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

SERVICE CONNECTIONS: The Township of Port Huron has a total of 3556 metered service connections, with 1,695 service lines of unknown material. Of those unknown service lines 105, or <1%, are believed to be of lead material. These numbers will be updated each year as we work through our Distribution System Materials Inventory.

Infants and children who drink water containing lead could experience delays in their physical or mental development. Children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning disabilities. Adults who drink this water over many years could develop kidney problems or high blood pressure.

DEFINITIONS

Parts per million (ppm) and parts per billion (ppb) - ppm = Parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l). ppb = Parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μ g/l). One ppm can be equated to a single penny in \$10,000. One ppb is a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The MCLG is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected health risk. MCLGs provide a margin of safety.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)- The MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible, using the best available treatment technology. MCLs are set at very stringent levels by the State and Federal government.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - Means the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - Means the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (ntu) measures clarity.

Turbidity - The cloudy appearance of water caused by the presence of tiny particles. High levels of turbidity may interfere with proper water treatment and monitoring.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

90th **Percentile** - This is the value obtained after disregarding 10 percent of the samples taken that had the highest levels. For example, if 10 samples are taken, the 90th percentile is determined by disregarding the highest result, which represents 10 percent of the samples.

ND - not detected na - not applicable/available.

QUESTIONS, COMMENTS?

If you have any questions or comments or would like to receive more specific information about the quality of your water, please feel free to call 810.987-6600.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Port Huron Township

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During June 1 to September 30, 2023, we did not monitor correctly for lead and copper, and therefore cannot be sure of the qualify of our drinking water during that time.

What should I do? There is nothing you need to do at this time. This is not an emergency. You do not need to boil water or use an alternative source of water at this time. Even though this is not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we are doing to correct the situation.

The table below lists the contaminants we did not property test for, how often we are supposed to sample for these contaminants, how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date we will collect follow-up samples.

Contaminants	Required sampling frequency	Number of sites sampled	When samples should have been collected	Date additional samples will be collected
Lead and Copper	30 sites to be sampled every 3 years	29	June 1, 2023 to September 30, 2023	June 1, 2024 to September 30, 2024

What happened? What is being done? We inadvertently missed taking samples within this required sampling period. We are making every effort to ensure this does not happen again.

For more information, please contact Daniel Duman, DPW Superintendent, at (810) 987-6600.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may have not received this notice directly (for example, people in apartment, nursing homes, schools and business). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by Port Huron Township.

	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				FOR 20	Section Colored	
Regulated Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Level Detected	Range of Detection	Sample Dates	Violation Yes / No	Typical source of contamination
	R	egulated li	norganic P	arameters (r	nonitored at	the plant	tap)
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.63	0.13 to 1.02	5-5-23	No	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	0.38	па	5-5-23	No	Decomposition of organic matter and surface water runoff
Sulfate (ppm)	250	250	20	па	5-5-23	No	Run off from fertilizer use, leaching from septic tanks, sewage, erosion of natural deposits.
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	1.2	па	8-12-20	No	Discharge from steel and plup mills, erosion of natural deposits.
Cadmium (ppb)	5	5	.22	па	8-12-20	No	
Chloride (ppm)	250	250	10.0	na	5-5-23	No	Erosion of deposits.
Nickel (ppm)	па	па	0.0026	na	8-12-20	No	
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.014	па	08-12-20	No	Discharge from drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits and discharge from mines
Selenium (ppb)	50	50	3.5	па	08-12-20	No	
		Regula	ated Param	neter (monito	ored at the p	lant tap)	
Turbidity (ntu)	TT	па	0.07	0.02 to 0.07	Daily	No	Soil runoff, suspended matter in river water. Indicator of effective filtration system
		Regulated	Organic Pa	arameters(m	onitored at	the plant to	ap)
Total Organic Carbon							
	Regula	ted Inorga	nic Parame	eters (monit	ored in the d	listribution	system)
			Running	Monthly			
Regulated Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Annual Average	Ratio Range	Sampling Frequency	Violation Yes / No	Typical source of contamination
	(MRDL)	(MRDLG)					
Chlorine (ppm)	4	4	1.08	.39 to 1.94	Daily	No	Water additive for disinfection
столи (ррш)			IRLE FI	768 6 775 7556	red in the di		
TTHM (ppb) Total Trihalomethanes	80	па	36.7	28 to 61.0	Quarterly in 2023	No .	By-products of drinking water chlorination

Quarterly

in 2023

No

> 1.0 to 18

HAA5 (ppb)

Haloacetic Acids

60

na

14.0

By-products of drinking water

chlorination

Lead and Copper Testing (monitored in the distribution system at individual taps)

Contaminant Subject to	Action Level	90 th Percentile	Range	Sample Date(s)	# of Samples	Typical source of contamination
A.L. Lead (ppb)	15	1 PPB	1 to 6,6PPB	06/01/2023	above AL 0	Lead service lines, corrosion of household plumbing including fittings and fixtures; Erosion of natural deposits
Copper (ppm)	1.3	.0063 PPM	.0053 to .096 PPM	through 09/30/2023	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Special Monitoring and Unregulated Parameters (monitored at the plant tap)

Unregulated Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Level Detected	Date(s)	Typical source of contamination
Sodium (ppm)	na	na	7.0	5-5-23	Erosion of natural deposits

Special Monitoring and Unregulated Parameters (monitored in the distribution system)

Unregulated Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Level Detected	Date(s)	Typical source of contamination
Monobromoacetic acid (ppb)	na	na	.54	12-10-19	Disinfection By-products
Dibromoacetic acid (ppb)	na	na	.38	12-10-19	Disinfection By-products
Dichloroacetic acid (ppb)	па	na	6.3	5-2-22	Disinfection By-products
Trichloroacetic acid (ppb)	na	na	7.1	8-4-22	Disinfection By-products

Included in the Special Monitoring and Unregulated Parameters table are the Unregulated Contaminants (UCMR4) testing results. This is not a full list of possible contaminants tested for as those not detected are not shown. If you would like a full list of results contact Jamie Cameron at 810-984-9781.

^{*}Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 - December 31, 2023. The State allows us to monitor for certain contaminates less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminates are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. All of the data is representative of the water quality, but some are more than one year old.